

THE MASTER PLAN CAMPAIGN

Workshop RPAS (WS 03) – 22 January 2015





The objectives of the campaign

Campaign objectives

Following the endorsement from the PC, SPP and ADB of the PC Tiger Team recommendations the following were agreed to constitute the success criteria of the 2015 campaign:

- 1. Ensure the necessary alignment with SESAR 2020
- 2. Strengthen **performance driven** approach towards "performance needs" in pre-determined time horizons and take into account related priorities
- 3. Identify perimeter of future CPs
- 4. Provide high-level view of **architecture evolution options** and impact on business models
- 5. Provide greater levels of **predictability & confidence with regards to deployment dates** (taking into account in particular industrialization phase)
- 6. Include **RPAS** integration and stronger focus on **cybersecurity** aspects
- 7. Emphasize SESAR achievements to further build momentum







Ensuring the necessary alignment with SESAR 2020

- The next edition is intended to be delivered for formal consultation at a moment in time when the SESAR 2020 programme is expected to be launched. It is therefore essential to ensure the necessary alignment between the two.
- This may imply that elements that are in negotiation in the context of SESAR 2020 need to be refined to take into account the results of the campaign.





Close interactions between SESAR 2020 and the ATM MasterPlan teams required over the course of 2015

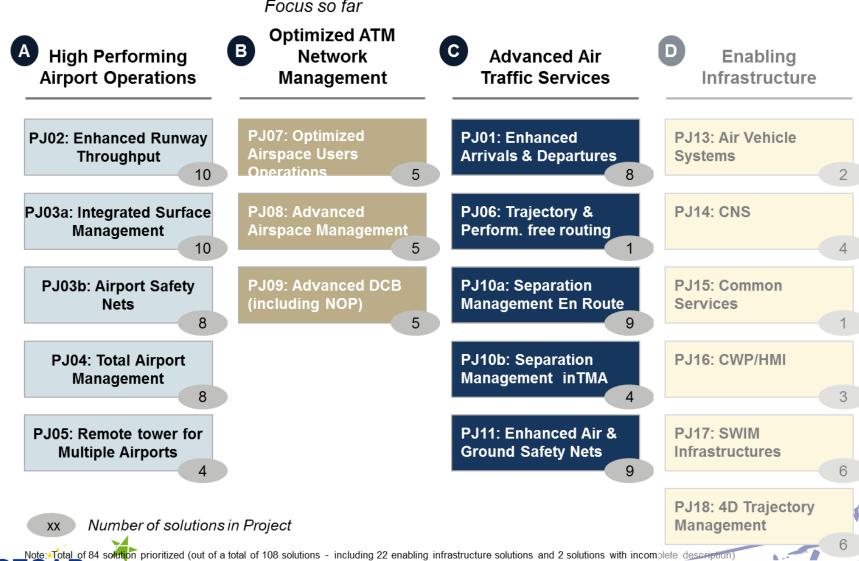






Initial work has focused on 86 solutions contained within the first three SESAR 2020 pillars

Focus so far





Performance was assessed by the reference team ranking solutions across four key performance areas

Selected key performance areas

Relative network-wide performance¹



Cost Effectiveness







"High performing airport Ops"

Major Impact

Medium Impact

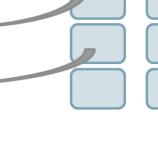
Limited Impact

No Impact

Negative Impact Capacity: extent that solution allows additional throughput enabling more traffic at pinchpoints

- Cost effectiveness: extent that solution allows ANSPs to reduce their costbase (ATCO and infrastructure) when flight volume is stable
- Operational efficiency: extent that solution allows air users to reduce their costbase by improving routing, predictability, resilience
- Safety: incremental safety compared to SESAR 1

Performance is considered from a network point of view: combining both unit impact of the solution and size and application scope







Assessment of each solutions need for coordination

No synchronized deployment required

Standards required – no sync. deployment

A-A/ A-G/ G-G¹ synchronized deployment







Solution can be deployed locally without need for synchronization with Air-Ground or Ground-Ground integration

Typically solving a local performance need

Solution can be deployed locally without need for synchronization with Air-Ground or Ground-Ground integration

Common standards are required to ensure consistency across the network

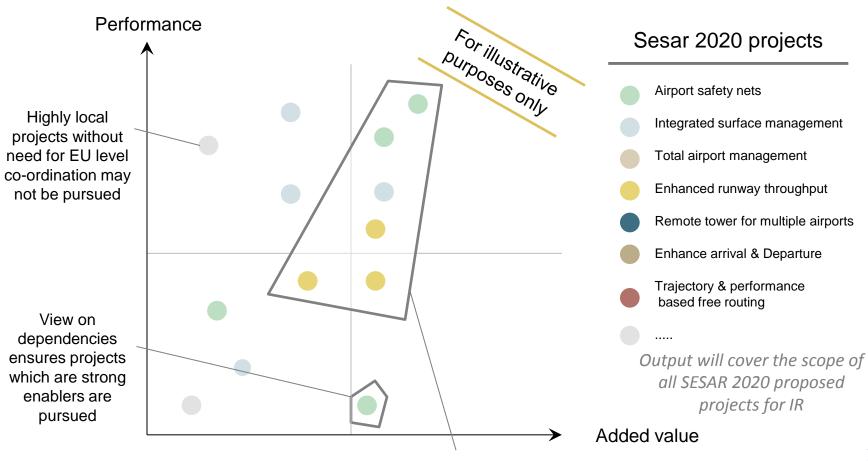
Solution requires a need for coordination and synchronization in terms of Air-Air, Air-Ground or Ground-Ground integration in order to provide benefits

 Eg: new airborne equipments



FROM INNOVATION TO SOLUTION

Next: combine this scoring, with a view on the project dependencies, and expert judgment to develop proposals for smart clusters





Within the SESAR 2020 projects will map at the level of SESAR solutions and then smartly group to take into account dependencies





Strengthen performance driven approach

- The next edition shall be articulated more around the contribution to performance in pre-determined time horizons with a particular attention to the period 2020+
- Growing needs in the area of cost-efficiency
- Gradual removal of the emphasis on the notion of "steps" at Level 1 in favor of a clearer articulation Performance Needs (How Much) - SESAR Solutions (What) in these time horizons





Identify perimeter of future CPs

- The MP already aims at prioritising a set of essential changes.
- This analysis has to be deepened in order to pre-identify future ATM functionalities that could become part of a Common Project considering that the definition of the next Common Project should be foreseen shortly after the next MP update.
- This will support further maximising levels of complementarity between the MP ("planning view"), Common Projects ("business view") and relevant SESAR Deployment monitoring mechanisms ("project view").
- The final decision on establishing common projects remains with the Commission.







Provide high-level view of architecture evolution options and impact on business models

- The current version of the ATM Master Plan does not provide a highlevel view of the technical architecture evolution which implies that there is no single strategic reference point for both R&D and deployment.
- Although the long-term objective is to provide such a view for the evolution of the whole ATM system, the ambition level for Edition 2015 will be limited in a first step to provide it for the elements that would fall into the perimeter of future Common Projects.
- This view will provide a strategic view on the organisational logic for related ATM business processes and supporting technical infrastructure. It will also reflect the integration and standardisation requirements of the ATM system business model.







Provide greater levels of predictability & confidence with regards to deployment dates (taking into account in particular industrialisation phase)

- The recent PCP experience has shown that there is a need to significantly **increase confidence** in V4/V5 start/end dates by defining a process to secure operational stakeholder's commitment on the plan (together with standardisation bodies and EASA).
- Defining **end of deployment dates** is also important to be able to determine the investment profile of SESAR changes as well as the expected contribution to performance over time.







Include RPAS integration and stronger focus on cybersecurity aspects

- Following the establishment of the RPAS Roadmap by the European RPAS Steering Group and its handover to the Commission in 2013, the SESAR JU has established an internal RPAS Project Team under SJU leadership with the aim to identify and define the needs for civil RPAS integration. One of the objectives of this team is to provide input to the Campaign.
- In addition, as the future ATM system will more strongly rely on SWIM services, the SESAR JU has launched a cyber-security study which is expected to conclude by April 2015. The study focuses on the definition of an information security policy to steer to ensure that future SESAR solutions adequately manage-cyber security aspects without becoming an obstacle to the effective deployment and to interoperability.





Emphasize SESAR achievements to further build momentum

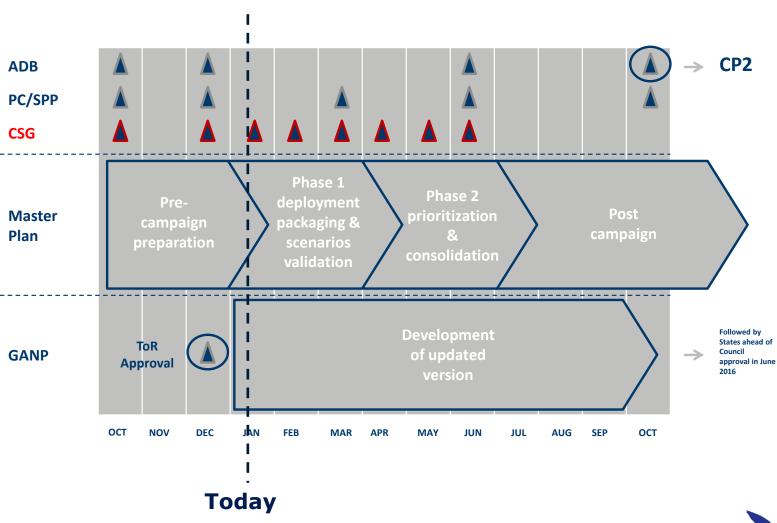
 The MP is also a communication tool for the European Union in the international scene. That is why SESAR achievements both from an R&D and Deployment perspective should be further highlighted in the future edition.





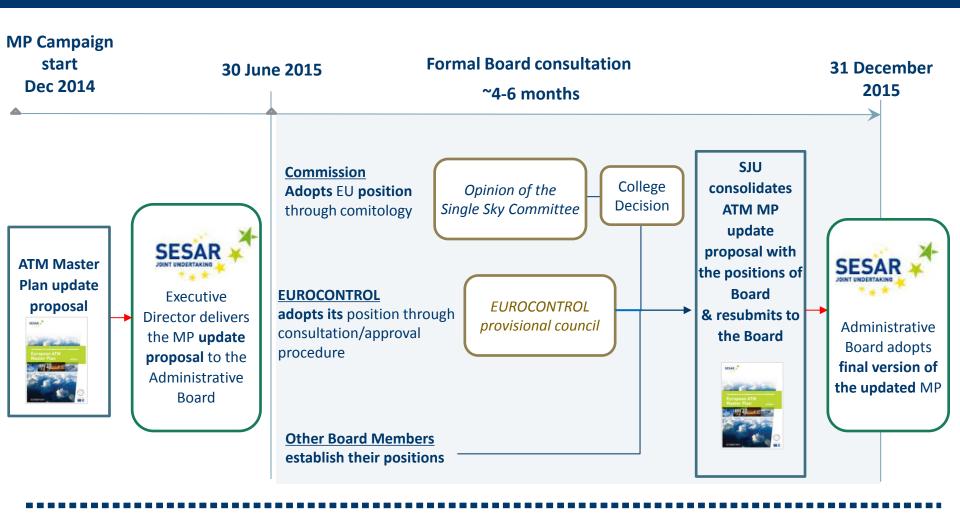


Phasing of the activities





The decision-making process



ICAO Development of the next version of the GANP/ASBUs

Followed by State level consultation ahead of Council approval in June 2016

The Master Plan is the EU's "ambassador" for ATM modernisation worldwide, it will feed global master planning at ICAO level

